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The material based on carbon nanotubes and polyaniline for potentiometric determination of ascorbic acid in solution

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Abstract

Composite material based on polyaniline (PANI) and multiwalled carbon nanotubes (MWNT) has been synthesized. It has been shown that introduction of MWNT into the composite allows to increase its reactivity in redox reaction with ascorbic acid as compared to the initial PANI. It has been found that the use of PANI-MWNT material allows to increase by an order the sensitivity of the potentiometric determination of ascorbic acid (up to $1 \cdot 10^{-7}$ mol/l).