Reference Object Identifier - ROI: jbc-02/16-46-4-89 Subsection: Organic Chemistry. Publication is available for discussion in the framework of the on-line Internet conference "Butlerov readings". http://butlerov.com/readings/ In memory of Professor E.A. Berdnikov dedicated.

Submitted on June 28, 2016.

Novel sulfones based on the dithioderivatives of 2(5H)-furanone

© Lilia Z. Latypova,¹⁺ Elena Sh. Saigitbatalova, Almira R. Kurbangalieva,^{1*} Olga A. Lodochnikova,² and Galina A. Chmutova¹

¹ Department of Organic Chemistry. A.M. Butlerov Institute of Chemistry. Kazan (Volga Region) Federal University. Kremlyovskava St., 18. Kazan, 420008. Republic of Tatarstan. Russia. Phone: +7 (843) 233-74-62. E-mail: Almira.Kurbangalieva@kpfu.ru

² Laboratory of Diffraction Research Methods. A.E. Arbuzov Institute of Organic and Physical Chemistry.

Kazan Scientific Center of the Russian Academy of Sciences. Arbuzov St., 8. Kazan, 420088.

Republic of Tatarstan. Russia. Phone: +7 (843) 231-91-68. E-mail: olga@iopc.ru

*Supervising author; ⁺Corresponding author

Keywords: heterocycles, 2(5H)-furanones, lactones, sulfones, thioethers, bis-thioethers, oxidation, single crystal X-ray diffraction.

Abstract

The synthetic methods of new sulfones based on dithio-derivatives of 2(5H)-furanone were investigated. The action of excess amount of hydrogen peroxide solution in acetic acid to furanone bisthioethers based on ethane-1.2-dithiol allowed to obtain corresponding disulfones. 3-Chloro-4.5-di-I(4methylphenyl)sulfanyl]-2(5H)-furanone oxidizes to disulfone derivative by using of m-chloroperbenzoic acid as the reagent, while hydrogen peroxide in acetic acid causes the cleavage of C⁵-S bond forming 3-chloro-5hydroxy-4-[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]-2(5H)-furanone and tosylacetic acid. Monosulfone based on 4,5-dithioderivative was synthesized via thiolation reaction of 3,4-dichloro-5-[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]-2(5H)furanone under the base catalysis conditions. The structure of the three new sulfone derivatives of furanone was characterized by X-ray analysis.