

Thematic course: About some primary reactions of thermolysis of 1,1-diamino-2,2-dinitroethylene (FOX-7) revealed by DFT calculations. Part 1.

Direct hydrogen transfer to nitro group

© Boris E. Krisyuk,^{1,2,*+} and Vladimir S. Veretin²

¹ Laboratory of Kinetic of Thermal Transformations. The Institute of Problems of Chemical Physics of the Russian Academy of Sciences. Academician Semenov pr., 1. Chernogolovk, 142432. Russia.

Phone: +7 (916) 601-63-14. E-mail: bkris@mail.ru

² Department of Chemistry and Physics. Plekhanov Russian University of Economics. Stremyanny per., 36. Moscow, 117997. Russia. Phone: +7 (916) 164-67-95. E-mail: ilavvsse@mail.ru

*Supervising author; +Corresponding author

Keywords: quantum-chemical calculation, the initial stage of thermolysis, FOX-7, a hydrogen transfer with formation of acid, activation energy.

Abstract

Primary thermolysis reactions of 1,1-diamino-2,2-dinitroethylene (DADNE, FOX-7) which is one of perspective energetic materials are considered. Recently synthesised, it has some suitable detonation characteristics: high thermal stability, low sensitivity to blow and friction. So it has been intensively studied, especially with respect to its thermal stability. Some competing reactions of first thermolysis stage have been investigated: nitro group abstraction, rearrangement of nitro group to nitrite group, transfer of oxygen and hydrogen on vicinal carbon atoms. In present work the hydrogen transfer on oxygen atom of nitro group, which is one of possible first stage reactions of FOX-7 thermolysis is considered by means of quantum chemistry methods. Reaction modelling is performed in gas phase with DFT PBE/cc-PVDZ method. It was shown that beside well-known reaction path there is low activation barrier (34,8 kcal/mole) direct hydrogen transfer, which is conducted by conformational change of hydrogen atom going in opposite direction of disappearing aminogroup. Without the conformational change this transfer is impossible due to atoms being close and N-H bond is stronger than N-O so reverse reaction takes place without activation. As a result of this route at the first stage an aggressive acid product is formed and then could cause decay of DADNE molecules. This acid could further transform causing secondary products arising (e.g. two-base acid, water etc.) playing part in secondary thermolysis reactions of FOX-7.

References

- [1] N.V. Latypov, J. Bergman, A. Langlet, U. Wellmar, U. Bemm. Synthesis and Reactions of 1,1-diamino-2,2-dinitroethylene. *Tetrahedron*. **1998**. Vol.54. P.11525-115.
- [2] H. Ostmark, A. Langlet, H. Bergman, U. Wingborg, U. Wellmar, U. Bemm. FOX-7 - A New Explosive with Low Sensitivity And High Performance; *11th International Symposium on Detonation*. **1998**; <http://www.sainc.com/onr/detsymp/financemt.html>.
- [3] A. Gindulyte, L. Massa, L. Huang, J. Karle. Proposed Mechanism of 1,1-Diamino-Dinitroethylene Decomposition: A Density Functional Theory Study. *J. Phys. Chem. A* **1999**. Vol.103. P.11045-11051.
- [4] G.M. Khrapkovskii, E.V. Nikolaeva, D.V. Chachkov, A.G. Shamov. Theoretical Study of the Mechanism of the Nitro-Nitrite Rearrangement and Its Role in Gas-Phase Monomolecular Decomposition of C-Nitro Compounds. *Russian Journal of General Chemistry*. **2004**. Vol.74. No.6. P. 908-920.
- [5] E.V. Nikolaeva, A.G. Shamov, D.V. Chachkov, L.A. Gordeev, G.M. Khrapkovskii. Structure and mechanism of monomolecular decomposition of C-, N-, O-nitrocompounds. Part IV. The role of nitro-nitrite rearrangements in the mechanism of monomolecular decomposition of aliphatic nitrocompounds. *Butlerov Communications*. **2000**. Vol.1. No.3. P.15-24. ROI: jbc-02/0-1-3-15
- [6] F.K. Burnham, R.K. Weese, R. Wang, Q.S.M. Kwok, D.E.G. Jones. Thermal Properties of FOX-7. *35 International Annual Conference of ICT, Karlsruhe, Germany*. **2004**. P.70.
- [7] V.G. Kiselev, N.P. Gristan. Unexpected Primary Reactions for Thermolysis of 1,1-diamino-2,2-dinitroethylene (FOX-7) Revealed by *ab Initio* Calculations. *J. Phys. Chem.* **2014**. Vol.118. No.36. P.8002-8008.

- [8] M.J. Frisch, G.W. Trucks, H.B. Schlegel, G.E. Scuseria, M.A. Robb, J.R. Cheeseman, G. Scalmani, V. Barone, B. Mennucci, G.A. Petersson, H. Nakatsuji, M. Caricato, X. Li, H.P. Hratchian, A.F. Izmaylov, J. Bloino, G. Zheng, J.L. Sonnenberg, M. Hada, M. Ehara, K. Toyota, R. Fukuda, J. Hasegawa, M. Ishida, T. Nakajima, Y. Honda, O. Kitao, H. Nakai, T. Vreven, J.A. Montgomery, Jr., J.E. Peralta, F. Ogliaro, M. Bearpark, J.J. Heyd, E. Brothers, K.N. Kudin, V.N. Staroverov, R. Kobayashi, J. Normand, K. Raghavachari, A. Rendell, J.C. Burant, S.S. Iyengar, J. Tomasi, M. Cossi, N. Rega, J.M. Millam, M. Klene, J.E. Knox, J.B. Cross, V. Bakken, C. Adamo, J. Jaramillo, R. Gomperts, R.E. Stratmann, O. Yazyev, A.J. Austin, R. Cammi, C. Pomelli, J.W. Ochterski, R.L. Martin, K. Morokuma, V.G. Zakrzewski, G.A. Voth, P. Salvador, J.J. Dannenberg, S. Dapprich, A.D. Daniels, Ö. Farkas, J.B. Foresman, J.V. Ortiz, J. Cioslowski, D.J. Fox. *Gaussian 09, Revision C.01*. Gaussian, Inc., Wallingford CT, **2009**.
- [9] A.A. Granovsky. Firefly version 8.0.0, <http://classic.chem.msu.su/gran/firefly/index.html>
- [10] J.A. Boatz, S.T. Elbert, M.S. Gordon, J.H. Jensen, S. Koseki, N. Matsunaga, K.A. Nguyen, S. Su, T.L. Windus, M. Dupuis, J.A. Montgomery. General Atomic and Molecular Electronic Structure System. M.W. Schmidt, K.K. Baldrige. *J. Comput. Chem.* **1993**. Vol.14. P.1347-1363.