

New technology to obtain 1-methyl-5-phenyl-7-chloro-1,3-dihydro-2H-[1,4]-benzodiazepine-2-one

© Natalya I. Lyukshenko,*[†] Roman G. Nikitin and Yury V. Morozhenko

Federal Research and Production Center "Altai". Socialisticheskaya St., 1. Biysk, 659322.

Altai Region. Russia. Phone: +7 (3854) 30-19-05. E-mail: post@frpc.secna.ru

*Supervising author; [†]Corresponding author

Keywords: 1-methyl-5-phenyl-7-chloro-1,3-dihydro-2H-[1,4]-benzodiazepine-2-one, condensation, 2-benzoyl-2',4-dichloro-*N*-methylacetanilide, synthesis, 5-chloro-2-methylaminobenzophenone, 1,4-benzodiazepines.

Abstract

At present, benzodiazepine derivatives being used widely, they continue to occupy a leading position among the drugs of the anxiolytic group. Most anxiolytics of the benzodiazepine structure are derivatives of 1,4-benzodiazepine. The basis of the chemical benzodiazepine structure consists of a benzene ring connected to a seven-membered heterocyclic ring containing two nitrogen atoms (diazepine) at positions 1 and 4. All the benzodiazepine derivatives used in the clinic also have a second benzene ring attached to carbon. The presence of a halogen or a nitro group is essential to display its activity.

Diazepam (1-methyl-5-phenyl-7-chloro-1,3-dihydro-2H-[1,4] benzodiazepin-2-one) is in the list of necessary and important medicinal products. The urgent issue is the development of a new method to synthesize 1-methyl-5-phenyl-7-chloro-1,3-dihydro-2H-[1,4]-benzodiazepines-2-one that would allow producing the drug in the required quantities and for mass consumption.

The search for possible effective ways of synthesizing 1-methyl-5-phenyl-7-chloro-1,3-dihydro-2H-[1,4]-benzodiazepines-2-one for manufacturing application is of great scientific and practical interest.

The purpose of our work is to search for a rational method to synthesize the target product, experimental study of the chemical processes to develop the most optimal methods to produce the product.

The technology to produce 1-methyl-5-phenyl-7-chloro-1,3-dihydro-2H-[1,4]-benzodiazepine-2-one on an industrial scale was developed.

The synthesis of 2-benzoyl-2',4-dichloro-*N*-methylacetanilide by condensation of 2-methylamine-5-chlorobenzophenone with chloroacetyl chloride in carbon tetrachloride without further treatment of the reaction mass with water and sodium carbonate was developed.

The highest yield of 1-methyl-5-phenyl-7-chloro-1,3-dihydro-2H-[1,4]-benzodiazepines-2-one was shown to be obtained if the cyclization reaction is carried out in isopropyl alcohol. The reaction mixture composition in interaction of 2-benzoyl-2',4-dichloro-*N*-methylacetanilide with urotropin plays the defining role in the formation of the target product.

References

- [1] V.G. Belikov. Synthetic and Natural Medicinal Products. *Moscow: Higher school*. **1993**. Vol.1. P.64. (russian)
- [2] M.D. Mashkovskiy. Medicinal Products. Edition 15th, revised., correct. and add. *Moscow: OOO «Publishing House New Wave»*. **2019**. P.75. (russian)
- [3] N.I. Lyukshenko, B.V. Pevchenko, R.G. Nikitin. XV-th International conference *High Energy and Special Materials (HEMs-2019): demilitarization, antiterrorism and civil applications*. **2019**. (russian)
- [4] V.G. Granik. Fundamentals of Medical Chemistry. *Moscow: University book*. **2001**. P.384. (russian)
- [5] T. Gilchrist. Chemistry of heterocyclic compounds: trans. from English. *Moscow: World*. **1996**. P.446. (russian)
- [6] A.A. Litvin, G.B. Kolyvanov, V.P. Zherdev, A.P. Arzamastsev. The relationship between the physicochemical properties and pharmacokinetic parameters of 1,4-benzodiazepine derivatives. *Pharmaceutical Chemistry Journal*. **2004**. No.11. P.3-5. (russian)
- [7] *Patent No. 26875556*. Lyukshenko N.I. The method of obtaining 7-chloro-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one, **2018**. (russian)

- [8] Patent No. 2703309. N.I. Lyukshenko, B.V. Pevchenko, R.G. Nikitin, V.N. Belyaev. A method of obtaining 2-methylamino-5-chlorobenzophenone, **2019**. (russian)
- [9] FS 001719-151217. Diazepam. The implementation deadline is **15.12.17**.
- [10] R.G. Nikitin, N.I. Lyukshenko. *Proceedings of 5th all-Russian research-to-practice conference of young scientists and professionals "Materials and Technologies of the 21st century"* **2019**. Vol.1. P.156.
- [11] V.G. Belikov. *Synthetic and Natural Medicinal Products. Moscow: High school. 1993*. Vol.2. P.565. (russian)
- [12] D.A. Harkevich. *Pharmacology. Moscow: Medicine. 1980*. P.416. (russian)
- [13] State Pharmacopeia. *Ed. XIV. 2018*. (russian)
- [14] E. Lukewitz, L. Ignatovich. *Heterocycles at the global pharmaceutical market. Riga: Org. Synthesis Institute. 1992*. P.40.
- [15] Register of medicinal products of Russia. *Encyclopedia of remedies. Edited by G.L. Viyshkovskiy. Moscow: LLC «RLS-2004». 2018*. P.2560. (russian)
- [16] M. Hannonn, M. Zinic, D. Kolbah, N. Blazevic and F. Kajfez, J. *Heterocycl. Synthesis of Imidazolidin-4-ones and Their Conversion into 1,4-Benzodiazepin-2-ones. Chem. 1981*. Vol.18. P.963.
- [17] R.B. Silvermen. *The Organic Chemistry of Drug Design and Drug Action. San Diego: Academic Press. 1992*. 145p.
- [18] D. Barton and W.D. Ollis. Transl-ed from English by G. Ya. Kondratieva and Prof. N.S. Wolfson. *General Organic Chemistry. Nitrogen-containing heterocycles. 1985*. Vol.8. P.752. (russian)
- [19] E. Demlov, Z. Demlov. *Phase-transfer catalysis. Moscow: Mir. 1987*. P.485. (russian)
- [20] G.I. Zhungietu, V.G. Granik *Main principles of drug designing. Kishinyev: Editing and polygraphic complex of the State University of Moldova Republic. 2000*. P.350.
- [21] P. Laslo. *Organic synthesis logics. In 2 vol-s: transl-ed from French. Moscow: MIR. 1998*. P.229. (russian)
- [22] O.A. Rayevskiy, A.M. Sapegin, I.I. Kitov and al. *Assessment of substituents effect on their psychotropic activity in 1,4-benzodiazepines. Chemical and Pharmaceutical journal. 1989*. No.1. P.62-66. (russian)
- [23] R.P. Yevstigneeva. *Delicate Organic Synthesis. Moscow: Chemistry. 1991*. P.184. (russian)